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# **Executive Summary**

In the summer of 1996, Triton Environmental Consultants Ltd. was contracted by West Fraser Mills Ltd., Skeena Sawmills Division to perform reconnaissance level stream inventories of 17 watersheds within TFL 41 and FL A16820. This report describes the findings of the reconnaissance level stream inventory of the Upper Kemano River.

The Upper Kemano watershed is located  $\sim 30$  km upstream from the mouth of the Kemano River at Kemano Bay. Three reaches in the Upper Kemano mainstem (Reaches 4 - 6) and four major tributaries were surveyed.

The Upper Kemano River and its tributaries are glacially sourced and are characterized by swift current and massive bedload movements. Resident and anadromous fish are present in Reaches 3 and 4 of the Kemano mainstem, these Reaches are classified as S1 under the FPC/RMA classification system. A chute barrier at ~45 km upstream from the ocean prevents access into Reaches 5 and 6 by anadromous fish. Reaches 5 and 6 were found to be non - fish bearing and are classified as S5. Tributaries to the Kemano River that were surveyed are typically fish bearing to the first significant barrier upstream of the mouth, and contain species consistent with the mainstem.

Readers should consult the accompanying photographs, SISS cards, fish catch data, and TRIM maps located in the appendices while reviewing the report.

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## 1. Introduction

Triton Environmental Consultants Ltd. (Terrace) was contracted by Skeena Sawmills in the summer of 1996 to inventory fish and fish habitat within 17 watershed areas of TFL 41 and FL A16820 (Table 1).

**Table 1: Watersheds Assessed in this Study** 

Tree Farm Licence 41	Forest Licence A16820
	1996
Emsley Creek	West Hawkesbury (3 watersheds)
Wachwas Creek	Fraser Reach (4 watersheds)
Dahlaks	
Caribou Creek	
Upper Kemano River	
Eagle Creek	
Barrie Creek	
	1997
Davies	Kwinimass
Horetzky	Stagoo
Kowesas	
Wahoo	
	1998
Chist	
Wathl	

This report outlines the fish and fish habitat inventory of the upper Kemano River.

## 1.1 Background

The *Forest Practices Code* (FPC) requires that extensive planning be undertaken to determine the present physical and biological characteristics of our forest ecosystems. Reconnaissance level stream inventories form an integral part of the planning process and guide the establishment of Riparian Management Areas.

Development planning is guided by the stream classification process, through which streams are assigned Riparian Management Areas (RMA) based on fish presence and stream width. This can be a simple process, as only fish presence and stream width need to be known. However, a reconnaissance level stream inventory must provide more detailed information, such as relative abundance, species diversity and habitat descriptions at a watershed scale, that will not only aid in forest development planning, but be a valuable tool to resource planners in other fields.

# 1.2 Objectives

The objectives of this study are to:

- inventory and describe existing fish habitat conditions at a watershed level.
- provide classifications of all streams and major tributaries,

#### 1.3 Location

The Upper Kemano River is located approximately 16 km upstream of the town of Kemano and 105 km southeast of Terrace (Fig. 1). The Kemano watershed contains 3 biogeoclimatic zones. These zones occur according to elevation and timber type and appear from the mouth of the creek to the headwaters as follows (MoF, 1988):

- Coastal Western Hemlock zone, very wet maritime subzone (CWHvm), wet submaritime montane subzone (CWHws2)
- Mountain Hemlock zone, submaritime forested subzone (MHb)
- Alpine Tundra Zone (AT)

# 1.4 Study Area

The Kemano River is a low to moderate gradient glacial system that drains approximately 1000 km<sup>2</sup> of the Kitimat Range in the Coast Mountains. The Kemano River flows southwest to the ocean at Kemano Bay in Barrie Reach. The mainstem length of the *upper* Kemano River is approximately 20 km, beginning at the Reach 2 - Reach 3 break, approximately 30 km upstream of the mouth. The length of the entire Kemano River is approximately 50 km. The mountains that form the watershed boundary are capped by large glaciers and include Mt. Atna (~2800m) the highest peak in the Kitimat Range (Holland, 1976).

The study area includes the upper Kemano River mainstem and 4 major tributaries: 2 left bank (looking downstream) at 42 and 44 km and 2 two right bank at 33.2 and 31.7 km upstream from the ocean.

## 1.5 Access

Access into the lower Kemano River is by paved road from Kemano Bay. The upper Kemano River was accessed by helicopter. Access into Reaches 5 and 6 was limited due to extensive canyon sections and steep terrain.

#### 1.6 Resource Use

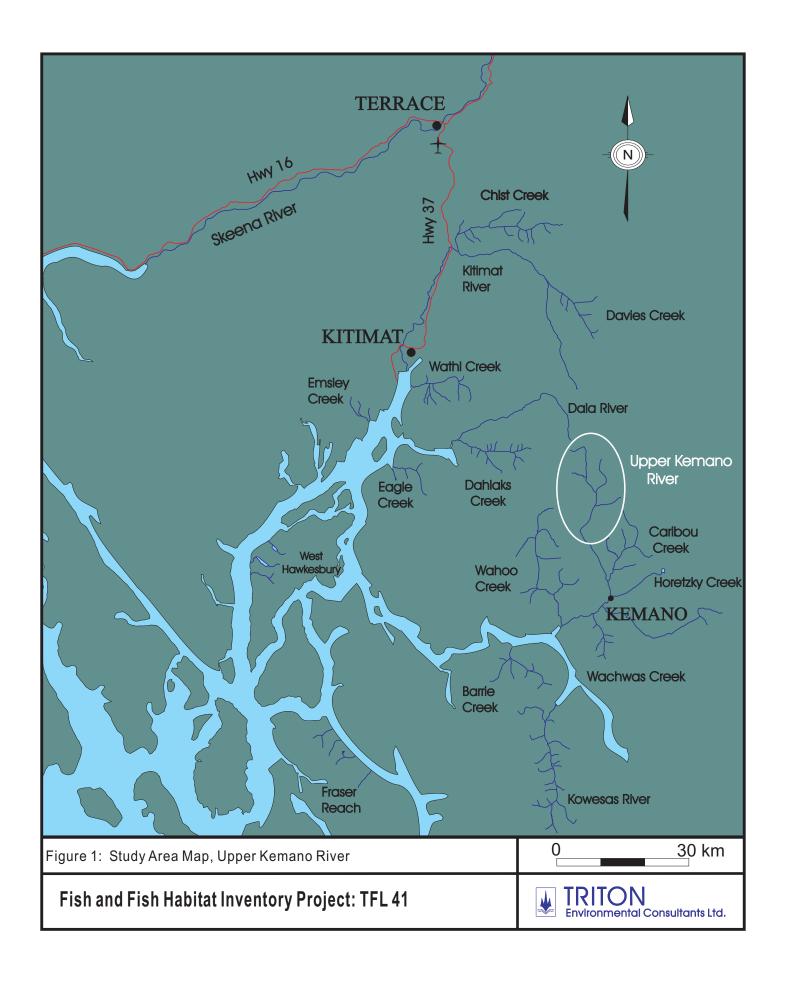
Historical forest harvesting (10 blocks, ~300 ha) has occurred on both sides of the Kemano River for 11 km upstream from the town of Kemano. West Fraser Mills Ltd. TFL 41 Five Year Development Plan (1996-2001) for the Kemano River shows the following proposed cutblocks:

Table 2: Proposed timber harvesting schedule, upper Kemano River.

Location	Area (ha)	Year	Proposed Harvesting Method
Kemano east, ~9.5 km u/s of Kemano townsite	42	1999	Helicopter
Kemano east, ~7.5 km u/s of Kemano townsite	25	2000	Helicopter
Kemano east, ~11 km u/s of Kemano townsite	25	2000	Helicopter
Kemano west, ~15 km u/s of Kemano townsite	60	2000	Conventional Cable

Forestry road construction is planned to begin in 2000 on both sides of the Kemano River from 16 - 19 km upstream of Kemano townsite.

Hydroelectric power lines follow the Kemano River from the town of Kemano to 15 km upstream where they cross the river and continue overland to Kitimat. An existing powerline maintenance road extends from Kemano townsite 15 km on the east side of the Kemano River to a hydroelectric transformer station.



## 2. METHODS

## 2.1 Background Review

Prior to commencement of field work, available background information was reviewed. The purpose of this exercise was to review existing fish and fish habitat information and adjust the level of field work required to complete a reconnaissance level fish inventory.

## 2.2 Reach Break Analysis

All surveyed mainstem streams and tributaries were partitioned into reaches. Reaches were assigned during the background review and are based on fish access, gradient, stream confinement or other significant riparian, morphological or hydrological conditions. Reach breaks denote a significant change in one or more of these conditions. Locations of reach breaks were confirmed or modified based on ground or aerial surveys.

#### 2.3 Field Assessments

The upper Kemano River was surveyed on September 7 and October 25, 1996. Fish and fish habitat was assessed in the field using the stream inventory standards and procedures (MELP, 1995). Generally, the process we followed in the field was to:

- assess the watershed during a helicopter overflight to confirm reach boundaries, identify access points, and photograph reaches at a watershed scale.
- assess each reach on the ground by completing a SISS card, sampling for fish presence, and photographing representative habitats and reach breaks.

Stream widths were determined by measuring the channel width with a tape measure, or by visual estimate. At least 6 measurements were made within each reach, each one at least one channel width distance apart. These measurements were averaged to determine the average stream width.

# 2.4 SISS Cards

Standard DFO/MELP Stream Inventory Summary System Cards (SISS) cards were completed for each reach sampled, and entered into the MS Access database program supplied by MELP. A hardcopy printout of these cards is in Appendix II. These digital data are on file with MELP and Triton.

# 2.5 Fish Sampling

Fish presence was determined by electrofishing at least 100m<sup>2</sup> of habitat in each reach using either a Smith Root Type VII, or a Smith Root Model 12 electroshoker. Captured fish were keyed out to species (if necessary) using the *Field Key to the Freshwater Fishes of British Columbia* (RIC, 1994). Our ability to assess relative abundance of fish present in the Kemano was limited by difficult electrofishing conditions. Opportunities for safe access into the stream channel for the electroshocker operator were limited (swift, deep water, canyons), and many fish shocked were immediately swept away or darted away from the operator. Gee-trapping was not a practical method of capturing fish due to weather constraints (poor weather limited our ability to fly into some reaches, and we chose not to set traps when it appeared weather would not allow us to retrieve them). As such, the fish sampling data collected in the Kemano River is limited to species diversity and size range.

#### 2.6 RMA Classification

The field surveys and subsequent classifications are based on the following publications:

- FPC Regulations (MoF, 1995);
- Riparian Management Area Guidebook (MoF, 1995);
- Fish Stream Identification Guidebook (MoF, 1995).

RMA classification is determined through the procedure outlined in Figure 2 (RMA Guidebook).

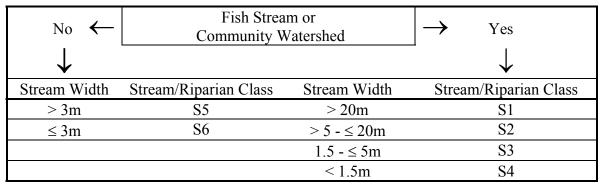


Figure 2: Process for Stream and Riparian Management Area Classification.

Specific Riparian Management Areas (RMA) are designated for each stream class. The RMA adjacent to streams extends from the top of the stream bank to:

- 1. a slope distance as specified in Table 3, or;
- 2. the top of the inner gorge, or;
- 3. the outer edge of the active floodplain, or;
- 4. the outer edge of non classified wetlands or ponds contiguous with the RMA, whichever is greatest.

Table 3: Specified minimum RMA slope distances for stream riparian classes.

Riparian Class	Channel Width (m)	Reserve Zone Width (m)	Management Zone Width (m)	Total RMA Width (m)
S1 Large Rivers	> 100	0	100	100
S1	≥ 20	50	20	70
S2	> 5 - 20	30	20	50
S3	1.5 - 5	20	20	40
S4	< 1.5	0	30	30
S5	≥ 3	0	30	30
S6	< 3	0	20	20

# 2.7 Photography

Photography was used extensively to document existing conditions in the watershed. Two types of cameras were used: a Nikon N90, with a 20-40mm zoom lens, or a Ricoh ff-9 with a fixed 35mm lens. Film media was either Sensia 100ASA slide or Kodak Royal Gold 100 ASA print. All images were scanned onto CD ROM and have been forwarded to MELP.

## 2.8 Water Quality Testing

Water quality testing for this project was limited to measuring pH (with a LaMotte waterproof pH Tester 2) and conductivity (with a LaMotte TDS Tester 3). Results of measurements are noted on the SISS cards in Appendix II. Each meter was calibrated prior to use at each site with standard manufacturer issued calibration solutions.

#### 2.9 Wildlife Observations

Amphibians observed or captured during the fish sampling process were identified and other wildlife signs or observations were noted. However, the focus of this survey was to inventory fish and fish habitat and no special efforts were made to inventory wildlife or wildlife habitat.

# 2.10 Mapping

Mapping base is 1:20,000 scale Terrain Inventory Resource Maps (TRIM). A PC based version of Arc View was used to label fish distribution, important habitat, sampling sites, reach breaks, barriers and stream classification. A hardcopy map is in Appendix IV, and digital TRIM maps are on file with Triton and MELP.

## 3. RESULTS

# 3.1 Background Review

Data or data sources identified in our review of background information are shown in Table 4.

Table 4: Data and data sources identified in the background review.

Stream Name:	Upper Kemano River	Watershed Code		910-6274			
1:50,000 NTS Maps	103H/8,9 93E/12,13		1:20,000 TRIM Maps 93E.061, 07				
1.30,000 N 13 Maps	10311/0,7 731/12,13	1.20,000 TKINI Maps 932.001, 071 103H.070,080,090					
	V 02512 102110						
Aquatic biophysical maps	Yes: 93E12, 103H9	5 year developmer	it plan		Update: Kemano		
Air Photos	Source: West Fraser Mills Ltd	Flight lines:			1		
	Rolls: 5668/5669, Aug/96	53233 /#400-405,	53274/	#165-170,	53284/#185-190,		
	Scale: 1:15 000	53293/#308-320,		330-344,	53313/#402-411,		
	Alt: 17, 000'	53324/#424-430, 53			,		
Other Info	WSC Stations: 08FE001,	SEDS database <sup>1</sup>	Escaper	nent Data i	in Appendix V.		
	08FE002, 08FE003.		_				
	AES:Kemano						
SISS review	1987 -88: CH, CO - Spawnir	ng to 40 km u/s, CM -	Spawning	g to 24.6 km	,		
	SK - in Kemano tailrace, PK	- to Horetzky ST, D	V				
	Maps: 93E/12, 103H9						
FISS review	1994: Vulnerable CH, CO a	nd ST stocks.					
	CM, PK - escapements incre	asing due to stabilized	flow from	n tailrace inp	out.		
	CH - Spawning throughout le	ower 20 km, to 40 km.					
	CO - Major spawner concen	trations in 4 km sectio	n below (	Caribou Cr,	in upper river and		
	below Seekwyakin Cr. Esca	pements have decrease	d since K	emano I div	ersion.		
	CM - majority spawn in lowe	er river.					
	PK - majority spawn in lowe	r river.					
	SK - spawn in tailrace.						
	ST - observed spawning in small tributaries.						
	EU - lower Kemano supports	s a major eulachon pop	ulation.				
	Falls at 27.5 km passable to	CH and CO only.					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Salmon Escapement Data System (DFO)

Fish Species Codes: CO = coho, CH = chinook, CM = chum, PK = pink, SK = sockeye,

DV = Dolly Varden, RB = rainbow trout, CT = cutthroat trout, ST = steelhead, CC = Sculpins.

## 3.2 Assessment of Stream Reaches

Our survey identified:

- 4 reaches in the Upper Kemano mainstem (Reaches 3 6),
- 4 reaches in an un-named tributary at 31.7 km,
- 3 reaches in an un-named tributary at 33.2 km,
- 1 reach in an un-named tributary at 42 km,
- 3 reaches in an un-named tributary at 44 km.

The results of our surveys of these reaches are described below.

#### 3.2.1 Reach 3

Site	#	Photos	Length	Gradient Average Est. Channel		Fish	RMA Class
			(km)	(%)	Width(m)	Presence	
No s	ite	-	7.0	2	80	CO, CH,	S1
						DV	

Reach 3 is the mainstem of the Kemano River, from  $\sim 30$  - 37 km upstream of the ocean. It was not assessed as part of this study, as fish presence has been well documented (SISS) and was documented in upstream reaches in this study.

#### 3.2.2 **Reach 4**

1	Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
					Width(m)	Presence	Class
	1	1	7.2	2	66	CO,CH,DV	S1
	3	2, 3	7.2	3	80	CO,(CH),DV	S1
	4	4, 5, 6, 7	7.2	3	28	CO,(CH),DV	S1

Reach 4 starts approximately 37 km upstream from the mouth. This reach was surveyed in three locations, site numbers 1, 3 and 4. The reach is characterized by riffle-pool morphology with some aggradation of large substrate material. Spawning habitat is available throughout the reach, however there is limited adult holding cover. Rearing habitat is limited to the margins of the stream and off channel habitat where the flow is reduced. Coho, chinook and Dolly Varden were identified by electroshocking.

## 3.2.3 **Reach 5**

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
7	8, 10, 13	7.0	4	20	NF	S5

Reach 5 is characterized by mainly a confined bedrock canyon. Access for fish sampling in this reach was only possible in one location (Site 7), a short section of braided stream that is not typical of the reach. Electroshocking over  $\sim 200 \text{m}^2$  of habitat in water temperature of 6.0°C produced no fish. A chute at km 45, (photo 13) is the upstream limit to anadromous and resident fish, just upstream of the Reach 4 - 5 break

#### 3.2.4 Reach 6

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel Fish		RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
8	15, 16, 17	2.2	5	32	NF	S5

Reach 6 starts approximately 51.5 km from the mouth. This reach is near the glacial headwaters of the Kemano River. The reach is characterized by cascade-pool morphology and has moderate aggradation of boulder substrate. Electroshocking effort at site 8 for 476 seconds over  $\sim 250\text{m}^2$  of habitat at settings (P)15 Hz, 1000 volts produced no fish.

The following factors limit fish presence in Reaches 5 and 6:

- A barrier chute at km 45 prevents upstream migration of fish.
- Confined stream channels and canyons limit refuge habitat during high water events.
- Direct glacial fed run-off limits stream productivity.

While none of these factors alone prevent fish from using Reaches 5 and 6, the combination of these factors, combined with the absence of fish during our sampling efforts, have led us to classify these reaches as non fish bearing.

# 3.2.5 Km 31.7 Tributary

This right bank tributary is 6.5 km in length. Four reaches were identified in this stream. Reaches 1, 2, and 4 were visited by ground surveys. A limited survey was done for Reach 3 by aerial estimation. The end of survey for this tributary is in Reach 4 at  $\sim$ 5.3 km upstream.

#### 3.2.5.1 Reach 1

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel Fish		RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
13	20, 21	.4	2	100	CO, DV	S1

Reach 1 is a fluvial fan adjacent to the Kemano River. It has highly unstable bedload and limited spawning habitat. An adult coho carcass was found in Reach 1 and  $\sim 25$  adult coho were observed holding immediately downstream of the confluence with the Kemano River.

#### 3.2.5.2 Reach 2

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
11	20,22,23	0.2	8	13	(DV)	S2

Reach 2 is a short section (200m) of stepped cascade type habitat, with small waterfall obstructions, assumed accessible to fish. At the top of the reach, the channel becomes entrenched and numerous waterfalls and chutes occur.

#### 3.2.5.3 Reach 3

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Est.	Fish	RMA
				Channel Width(m)	Presence	Class
No site	20	1.4	14	14	(NF)	S5

Reach 3 was inaccessible by helicopter. A low elevation aerial reconnaissance was used to survey this reach. It is an entrenched canyon which was not sampled and assumed to be non fish-bearing due to extensive chutes and waterfall barriers and the absence of fish upstream. The entrenched channel can be seen in Photo 20.

#### 3.2.5.4 Reach 4

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
12	24,25	3.5	3	15	NF	S5

Reach 4 is characterized by riffle-pool morphology. It is a non fish-bearing reach, electrofishing in Site 12. Electroshocking effort of 366 seconds over 500m<sup>2</sup> of habitat at settings (K), 11 Hz, 700 volts produced no fish. Access into this reach is prevented by barriers in Reach 3. Suitable habitat for resident fish exists in this reach (cover, spawning and rearing habitat) however downstream barriers and the proximity to glaciers limit the potential for fish.

# 3.2.6 Km 33 Tributary

This right bank tributary is  $\sim$  4 km in length, sourced at a small glacial lake. The Reach 1 - 2 break is a 3m high waterfall which is a barrier to anadromous fish. The end of survey for this tributary is in Reach 3 at  $\sim$  3 km

#### 3.2.6.1 Reach 1

1	Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
					Width(m)	Presence	Class
	10	26, 27, 31, 32	.15	4	22.7	(CO, CH, DV)	S1

Reach 1 is a short section with limited spawning habitat which is accessible from the Kemano mainstem and is assumed to support fish species consistent with the mainstem.

#### 3.2.6.2 Reach 2

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
No site	28, 29, 30	1.6	9	20(est.)	NF	S5

Reach 2 is accessible for fish to a 3m waterfall 0.15 km upstream of the reach 1 - 2 break. RMA classification would be S1 for the first 0.15 km and S5 for the remainder of the reach (based on fish absence upstream). The reach is mainly a confined bedrock canyon and was assessed by air due to limited access.

## 3.2.6.3 Reach 3

1	Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
					Width(m)	Presence	Class
	9	33, 35	1.7	5	19	NF	S5

Reach 3 starts ~1.75 km upstream from the confluence with the Kemano River. The reach is characterized by cascade-pool morphology. Electroshocking effort at Site 9 for 336 seconds over ~200m<sup>2</sup> of habitat at settings (K)11 Hz, 700 volts produced no fish. Suitable habitat for resident fish exists in this reach (cover, spawning and rearing habitat) however downstream barriers and proximity to glaciers upstream limit the potential for fish.

## 3.2.7 Km 42 Tributary

#### 3.2.7.1 Reach 1

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
2	36,37,38	1.0	10	36	DV	S1

This left bank tributary is  $\sim 7.2$  km in length and becomes steep and entrenched at  $\sim 1$  km upstream. A 5m high waterfall at  $\sim 1$  km upstream is a barrier to fish; the stream is assumed to be non fish bearing beyond this point based on gradient (>20%) and the entrenchment of the channel. This tributary can be characterized as a high energy system, with stepped pool and cascade type habitat and large boulders throughout. Reach 1 is characterized by step-pool morphology with aggrading boulder substrate. Extensive shifting of channels near the mouth is evident. The survey area is from the mouth to  $\sim 1$  km upstream, and is considered marginal fish habitat.

#### 3.2.8 Km 44 Tributary

This left bank tributary has a total length of  $\sim 5$  km, with three reaches. At the time of the survey, this tributary was contributing the majority of the turbid glacial water to the Kemano River. The entire tributary has been subject to massive bedload movement, a recent torrent has laid down over 2m of unsorted rock throughout the system. Fish habitat in this stream is marginal.

#### 3.2.8.1 Reach 1

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
5	39,40	0.35	4	28	DV	S1

Reach 1 is confined and is fish bearing to a 10m waterfall barrier that is the Reach 1 - Reach 2 break. It is accessible to fish from Reach 4 of the Kemano River for 350m.

#### 3.2.8.2 Reach 2

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Est.	Fish	RMA
				Channel Width(m)	Presence	Class
No site	42	2.0		4 - 10	NF	S5

Reach 2 is completely entrenched and inaccessible. The general reach description is from a low level aerial reconnaissance. Reach 2 is assumed to be non-fish bearing due to a 10m waterfall barrier at the downstream reach break.

#### 3.2.8.3 Reach 3

Site #	Photos	Length(km)	Gradient(%)	Average Channel	Fish	RMA
				Width(m)	Presence	Class
6	42, 43, 44	2.0	10	50	NF	S5

Reach 3 is a wide torrented stream section, comprised of stepped cascades with extensive deposition of large boulder substrate. Fish sampling was not done due to unsafe walking conditions caused by extremely unstable bedload material along the banks, and strong instream current. Recent bedload deposits through this reach were >2m deep and had buried trees along the bank. Upstream of the reach, the stream was covered in snow (photo 45) right up to its glacial origins. This stream is assumed to be non fish bearing due to downstream barriers, massive bedload movement and deposits, and proximity to the glacier.

# 3.3 Fish Sampling

Specific fish catch data for the Kemano River is in Appendix III. The following points summarize the fish populations of the watershed:

- Anadromous fish (chinook, coho and steelhead) have access to a chute barrier 45 km upstream from the mouth on the mainstem and to the noted barriers on each of the tributaries surveyed. Dolly Varden char have the same distribution within the watershed.
- No fish were found upstream of the chute barrier at km 45 or upstream of the barriers noted on the tributaries.

#### 3.4 Wildlife Observations

No concerted effort was made to evaluate the wildlife values of the Kemano River watershed. Black and grizzly bear tracks were noted throughout the Kemano system. No amphibians were captured or observed during fish sampling efforts.

#### 4. SUMMARY

The Kemano River is a highly active system with extensive bedload movement throughout. The headwaters are glaciated and supply the majority of the flow to the river. The Kemano River has anadromous fish use up to a chute barrier 45 km upstream of the mouth. Chinook, coho and Dolly Varden were identified up to the barrier, and steelhead are assumed present. Reaches 5 and 6 were surveyed and were found to be non-fish bearing.

Reaches 3 and 4 of the Kemano mainstem are classified as S1 under the FPC/RMA classification system. Reaches 5 and 6 are classified as S5.

Tributaries to the Kemano River that were surveyed are typically fish bearing to the first significant barrier upstream of the mouth. Habitat within the tributaries is marginally capable of supporting all mainstem species, however Dolly Varden were usually the only species captured. RMA classifications for the tributaries are:

- Km 31.7 trib: Reach 1 is S1, Reach 2 is S2 and Reaches 4 5 are S5.
- Km 33 trib: Reach 1 is S1 and Reaches 2-3 are S5
- Km 42 trib: S1 to end of survey at 1 km upstream.
- Km 44 trib: Reach 1 is S1 and Reaches 2-3 are S5.

#### 4.1 Recommendations for Future Assessments

The Fish Stream Identification Guidebook indicates two fish sampling trials are required to establish fish absence. Follow-up sampling may be required in stream reaches where fish were not found, but have the potential to support fish. As well, future assessments may be needed for small streams that may not appear on 1:20,000 maps or were not assessed in this study, and for fisheries sensitive zones. The following table outlines the options for future assessments.

**Table 5: Recommendations for Future Assessments** 

Stream Reach	Habitat Quality	Future	Priority	Comments
		Assessments		
Kemano R. Reach 5	Marginal rearing habitat within an entrenched bedrock canyon.	Recommend second sampling	Low	No timber harvesting planned within 5 years.
Kemano R. Reach 6	Marginal rearing habitat, close to glaciers	Recommend second sampling	Low	No timber harvesting planned within 5 years.
Km 31.7 Trib. Reach 3	Marginal rearing habitat within a confined reach with cascade-pool habitat	Recommend second sampling (overnight G-trapping)	High	Timber harvesting planned adjacent to the reach within 5 years.
Km 33 Trib Reach 4	Marginal rearing habitat within a confined reach with cascade-pool habitat	Recommend second sampling (overnight G- trapping)	High	Timber harvesting planned adjacent to the reach within 5 years.

# 5. DISCLAIMER

The Province and West Fraser Mills Ltd. have not accepted the contents of this product for the purposes of the Forest Practices Code, and reserve the right to dispute the validity of summarized results. The Province and Skeena Sawmills Ltd. do not necessarily agree with the classification, assigned to any individual stream reach, for use in logging plans, silviculture prescriptions or any other application.

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**Appendix I: Photographs** 

er Kemano River Fish and Fish Habitat Inventory	2468.00 WP T
Reach 4 Site 3 Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
oto 3: Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
noto 3: Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
noto 3: Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Noto 3: Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
noto 3: Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43
Reach 4   Site 3   Upstream view of Kemano River, Km42	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 43

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Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
5. Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.   7-Sep-96   CD# 2292:   52		
oto 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.   7-Sep-96   CD# 2292:   52		
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
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Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstreamend of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 52	
Photo 5: Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.    Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 4   Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4   Reach 4   Site 5   Reach 4   Site 6   Reach 5   Reach 6   Re	44	53

7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 56

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Photo 10: R5 | S7 | Upstream view, above Site 7. | 7-Sep-96 | CD# 2292: | 77

pper Kemano River Fish and Fish Habitat Inventory	2468.00	WP T-07
Downstream view of the landslide at km49. Site 7 is at the		
Reach 5       /-Sen-9610	CD#2292: 96	
Photo 11: open section of the river ~2kmd/s of the slide.		
Photo 12: Reach 5 Upstream view. Note the landslide (at km49) on the right. 7-Sep-90	5 CD# 2292: 9	5

per Kemano River Fish and Fish Habitat Inventory	2468.00 WP 1
oto 13: Reach 5 Reach 5 Kemano River at km45. This chute marks the upstream lin for anadromous salmon.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 87
Reach 5  Recent landslide into the Kemano River at km 49. Debris in	the 7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 88

r Kemo	ano Ri	ver F	ish and Fish Habitat Inventory		2468.00	WP
,	T				1	
	Reach 6	Site 8	Downstream view of Kemano River at km 54. The centre channel flows directly from a glacier 2 km upstream	7-Sep-96	CD# 2292:	90
to 15:			Charlier nows directly ironna gacter 2 km upstream			
			Upstream view of the Kemano River at Km 54.		5 CD# 2292:	

noto 17: Reach 6 Site 8 Upstream view of the Kemano River at Km 54.	7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 92
1010 1 /: Incaci o polico policam view of the retiallo river at Ritt 34.	/-54p-30 CD# 2232. 32
Upstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 58 km	1 7 S 06 CD // 2000 20
Upstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 58 kn upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5970000)	<sup>1</sup> 7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 93

er Kemano River Fish and Fish Habitat Inventory		2468.00	WP I
	- /		
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5	7-Sep	-96 CD# 22	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 to 19: km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	·96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	·96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 to 19: km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	.96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 to 19: km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 to 19: km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 224	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 to 19: km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 224	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 224	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
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Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92: 94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	7-Sep-	96 CD# 229	92:   94
Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 5 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)  Aerial upstream view of km 31.7 trib (left) and km 33 trib	7-3cp	96 CD# 229 CD# 2292:	

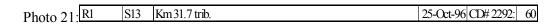




Photo 22 R2 S11 Km 31.7 trib. 25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 59

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Photo 25:	R4	S12	Km 31.7 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD	# 2292· 64	₹
Pnoto 25:L	174	512	Kill 51.7 tilo. Downstream view.	25-001-00100	T 2272. 0.	,
			Var 22 and Aministra CD 1.1.1. Part 1	. ]		
		G10	Km 33 trib. Aerial view of Reach 1, immediately upstream of	25.0 . 25	CDW 2225	
Photo 26:	R1	S10	Km 33 trib. Aerial view of Reach 1, immediately upstream of Kemano. The canyon in Reach 2 starts at the right of the picture.	25-Oct-96	CD# 2292:	62

Photo 30: R1/2 S10 Km 33 trib. Downstream end of Reach 2 canyon. 25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 73

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noto 31·R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: RI SI0 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: R1 S10 Km33 trib. Downstreamview.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: RI S10 Km33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	
noto 31: RI S10 Km33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 CD# 2292: 74	

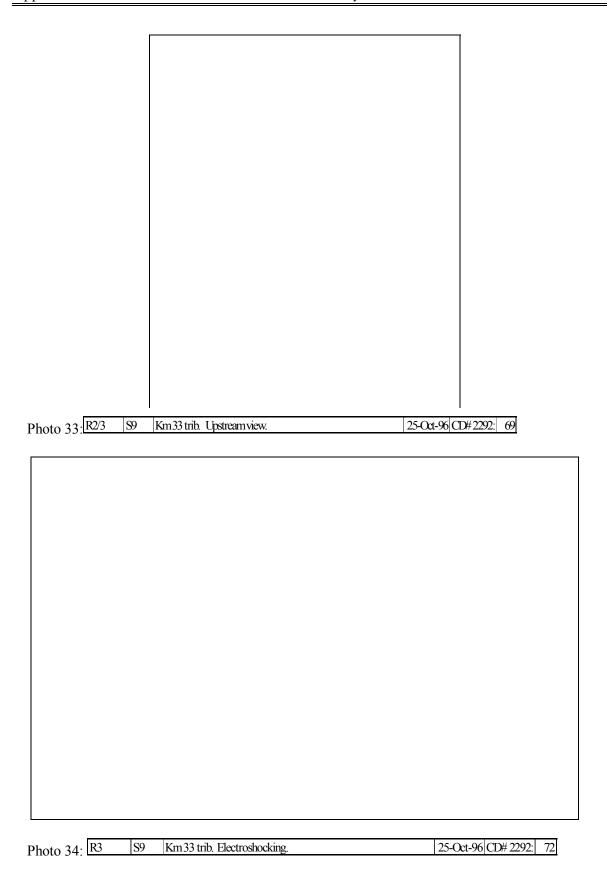


Photo 36: Reach 1 Site 2 Km42 trib. 7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 45

Upper Kemano River Fish and Fish Habitat Inventory

2468.00 WP T-073

Photo 39:	R1 S	35 K	m42 trib.	7-Sep-96 CD#2292: 76
	Reach 1	Site 5	Km 44 trib. Downstream view, ~300m upstream Keman	o 7-Sep-96 CD# 2292: 50
Photo 40:	144411	Site 3	confluence.	7 SQ 70 CDII 2272. 30

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to 41:	Reach 1	Site 5	Km44 tri	ib. Downst	ream view t	o the Kemano	)	7	'-Sep-96   CD	# 2292: 49	)
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											_
	D 0 /C	9.5	Km 44 tr	ib, upstrea	am view of	canyon (reac	h 2). Reach	3 is	_ ~	an 11	
oto 42:	R2/3	S6	Km 44 tr	rib, upstrea irther upst	am view of ream	canyon (reac	h 2). Reach	3 is	7-Sep-96	CD# 2292:	78

Photo 44: Reach 3 Site 6 Km 44 trib, upstream view. Note the bedload accumulation in the trees.



Photo 45: Km 44 trib, upstream view, upstream of Site 6. Sept. 7, 1996. CD 2295 # 84

Photo 46: Km 44 trib, upstream aerial view of Reach 3, Site 6. Sept 7, 1996, CD #2295, #85

Date:	Sept 7 & O	ct 25 199	6	Agency: Triton Envi	ironm <i>e</i>	ntal Cons	ultants I td								1			_
	Kemano Ri		<u> </u>	Crew: DSG, SNP, A			urants Ltu.											
Local:	Kemano Ri	iver		Reach Cards: Y	Fish	Cards: Y												
Report			Watershed		+								UTM	Lense	Picture	Photo		
photo #	CD#	Image #	Code	Stream	Site	Reach	Caption	Date	Map #	Zone	Easting	Northing	Method	Type	Type	Direction		
1	CD# 2292:	82	910-6274	Kemano River	Site 1	Reach 4	Upstream view of Reach 3-4 break on the Kemano. Site 1	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564800	5952000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		ı
2.0	CD# 2292:	41	910-6274	Kemano River	Site 3	Reach 4	immediately upstream of the rapids.  Downstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	07-Sep-96	93E 071	9	566100	5956600	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
	CD# 2292:	43		Kemano River	Site 3	Reach 4	Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	07-Sep-96		9	566100	5956600	map	wide	see caption			
	CD# 2292:	86		Kemano River	Site 4	Reach 4	Kemano River, upstream aerial view near km 43.	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566000	5958100	map		see caption	see caption		
5 0	CD# 2292:	52	910-6274	Kemano River	Site 4	Reach 4	Kemano River near km 44, at upstream end of Reach 4.  Kemano River. Downstream view at confluence with km 4-	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566000	5958100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
6	CD# 2292:	53	910-6274	Kemano River	Site 4	Reach 4	trib. Note the bedload berm further downstream at the	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566000	5958100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
					1		confluence with the Km 43.8 trib.	-					•			out tapaon		
	CD# 2292:	54		Kemano River			Kemano River, downstream view near Km 44.	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566000	5958100	map	wide	see caption			
8 6	CD# 2292:	56	910-62/4	Kemano River	Site 7	Reach 5	Kemano River, upstream view near km 48. Aerial view of right bank tributary at km 54, upstream of Si	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564200	5960100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
9 (	CD# 2292:	57	910-6274	Km 54 RB trib		R6	The confluence at the bottom left marks the upstream	07-Sep-96	103H.090	9	562800	596900	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
							limit of the survey.						-					
	CD# 2292:	58	910-6274	Kemano River	S8	R6	Aerial downstream view from the headwaters of the	07-Sep-96	103H.090	9	562800	596900	map	wide	see caption	see caption		i
10 0	CD# 2292:	77	910-6274	Kemano River	S7	R5	Kemano. Site 8 is at the confluence in the centre.  Upstream view, above Site 7.	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564200	5960100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		<b></b>
	CD# 2292:	96			S7	Reach 5	Downstream view of the landslide at km 49. Site 7 is at the	07-Sep-96		9	564200			wide				
11	CD# 2292.	70	710-02/4	Kemano Kivei	37	Keacii 3	open section of the river ~2km d/s of the slide.	07-3cp-90	10311.000		304200	3900100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
12	CD# 2292:	95	910-6274	Kemano River		Reach 5	Upstream view. Note the landslide (at km 49) on the right.	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564200	5960100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
					+		Kemano River at km 45. This chute marks the upstream					h		<del></del>	<b></b>	ļ		<b></b>
13 (	CD# 2292:	87	910-62/4	Kemano River		Reach 5	limit for anadromous salmon.	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564200	5960100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
14	CD# 2292:	88	910-6274	Kemano River		Reach 5	Recent landslide into the Kemano River at km 49. Debris ir	07-Sep-96	103H.080	9	564200	5960100	map	wide	see caption	see caption		l .
					+	ļ	the channel has backwatered flow.							<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>		
15	CD# 2292:	90	910-6274	Kemano River	Site 8	Reach 6	Downstream view of Kemano River at km 54. The centre	07-Sep-96	103H.090	9	562800	596900	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
							channel flows directly from a glacier 2 km upstream.											
	CD# 2292:	91		Kemano River			Upstream view of the Kemano River at Km. 54.		103H.090	9	562800	596900	map	wide	see caption			
	CD# 2292:	92		Kemano River	Site 8	Reach 6	Upstream view of the Kemano River at Km. 54.  Upstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River, 58		103H.090	9	562800	596900	map		see caption			<del></del>
18	CD# 2292:	93	910-6274	Kemano River	1		km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5970000)	07-Sep-96	103H.090	9	563000	5970000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		i i
19	CD# 2292:	94	910-6274	Kemano River			Downstream view of the headwaters of the Kemano River,	07-Sep-96	103H.090	9	563000	5968000	map	wide	see caption	see cantion		
	CD# 2272.		710 0271	remano rever		ļ	56 km upstream. (UTM 9.563000.5968000)	07 Sep 70			303000					see cuption		
20	CD# 2292:	100	910-6274	Km 31.7 and 33 tribs			Aerial upstream view of km 31.7 trib (left) and km 33 trib (right).	07-Sep-96	103H.070	9	563400	5947400	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
21 (	CD# 2292:	60	910-6274	Km 31.7 Trib	S13		U/S view of Km 31.7 trib.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	563400	5947400	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
	CD# 2292:	59		Km 31.7 Trib	S11		U/S view of Km 31.7 trib.	25-Oct-96		9	563100	5947400	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
	CD# 2292:	66		Km 31.7 Trib	S11	R2	Km 31.7 trib. Upstream view.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	563100	5947400	map	wide	see caption			
	CD# 2292: CD# 2292:	64 65		Km 31.7 Trib Km 31.7 Trib	S12	R4 R4	Km 31.7 trib. Upstream view. Km 31.7 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96 25-Oct-96	103H.070 103H.070	9	56200 56200	946500 946500	map map	wide wide	see caption see caption			
23	CD# 22/2.	0.5	710-0274	Kiii 31.7 Tiib	1512	IC4	Km 33 trib. Aerial view of Reach 1, immediately upstream	25-001-70	10311.070		30200	740300	шар	wide	see caption	see caption		
26	CD# 2292:	62	910-6274	Km 33 Trib	S10	R1	Kemano. The canyon in Reach 2 starts at the right of the	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
					-		picture.							ļ		<u> </u>		
27	CD# 2292:	63	910-6274	Km 33 Trib	S10	R1	Km 33 trib. Aerial upstream view of confluence with the Kemano.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		1
28	CD# 2292:	70	910-6274	Km 33 Trib	<del>                                     </del>	R2	Aerial view of Km 33 trib.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
29 (	CD# 2292:	71	910-6274	Km 33 Trib		R2	Km 33 trib. Note the failing clay bank.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption			
30	CD# 2292:	73	910-6274	Km 33 Trib	S10	R1/2	Km 33 trib. Downstream end of Reach 2 canyon. U.S view	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
31 (	CD# 2292:	74	910-6274	Km 33 Trib	S10	R1	Km 33 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map	wide	see caption	see cantion		
32 (	CD# 2292:	75		Km 33 Trib	S10	R1	Km 33 trib. Note the bedload retained by the LWD.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	562700	5948000	map		see caption			
	CD# 2292:	69		Km 33 Trib	IS9		Aerial view of Km 33 trib. Upstream view.	25-Oct-96	103H.070	9	561200	5947000	map	wide		see caption		
	CD# 2292:	72		Km 33 Trib	S9		Km 33 trib. Electroshocking.	25-Oct-96		9	561200	5947000	map		see caption			<b></b>
	CD# 2292: CD# 2292:	44		Km 42 Trib Km 42 Trib			Km 42 trib. D/S view Km 42 trib. U/S view	07-Sep-96 07-Sep-96		9	566300	5956200 5956200	map map		see caption			
	CD# 2292:	46		Km 42 Trib			Km 42 trib. Note the debris levee along the margin.	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566300	5956200	map		see caption			
	CD# 2292:	47		Km 42 Trib			Km 42 trib. U/S view	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566300	5956200	map	wide	see caption			
39 (	CD# 2292:	76	910-6274	Km 42 Trib	85	R1	Aerial view of confluence of Km 42 trib and Kemano	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566100	5958200	map	wide	see caption			
					-		mainstem.	0.04p.c			-							
40	CD# 2292:	50	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	Site 5	Reach 1	Km 44 trib. Downstream view, ~300m upstream Kemano confluence.	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566100	5958200	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
41 (	CD# 2292:	49	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	Site 5	Reach 1	Km 44 trib. Downstream view to the Kemano	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	566100	5958200	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
42	CD# 2292:	78	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	S6	R2/3	Km 44 trib, upstream view of canyon (reach 2). Reach 3 is	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	568200	5966000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
					-	ļ	visible further upstream.  K m 44 trib. The waterfall marks the upstream end of our				-							
43	CD# 2292:	79	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	S6	R3	Km 44 trib. The waterfall marks the upstream end of our survey.	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	568200	5966000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
44	CD# 2292:	83	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	Sita 6	Reach 3	Km 44 trib, upstream view. Note the bedload accumulation	07-Sep-96	93E.071	9	568200	5966000	man	wide	see caption	see caption		
					Jone 0	Acacii 3	in the trees.	07-3ep-90		L		l	map			see caption		L
	CD# 2292: CD# 2292:	84 85		Km 44 Trib Km 44 Trib	Sita 6	Reach 2	Km 44 trib, upstream view, upstream of Site 6. Km 44 trib, upstream aerial view.	07-Sep-96	93E.071 93E.071	9	568200 568200	5966000 5966000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		<b></b>
	CD# 2292:	48		Km 44 Trib			Km 44 trib, upstream aeriai view. Km 44 trib.	07-Sep-96 07-Sep-96	75E.071		300200	2900000	map	wide	see caption	see caption		
	CD# 2292:	51	910-6274	Km 44 Trib	Site 5	Reach 1	Km 44 trib. Upstream view.	07-Sep-96										
	CD# 2292:	55					Kemano River, upstream view near Km 44.	07-Sep-96										
	CD# 2292:	61	910-6274		S13	Reach 1	Km 31.7 trib. Aerial upstream view fluvial fan (Reach 1) a	25-Oct-96								1		1
- 1	CD# 2292:	67	910-6274	-		1	confluence with the Kemano. Km 31.7 trib. Upstream view.	25-Oct-96				+				<b></b>		<b></b>
1	CD# 2292:	68	910-6274		Site 1	Reach 2	Km 31.7 trib. Opstream view. Km 31.7 trib. Downstream view.	25-Oct-96						<u> </u>	<b> </b>			
	CD# 2292:	80					Kemano mainstem just downstream of Reach 3-4 break.	07-Sep-96										
ļ			7.0 02/4		-			0, Scp-90				$\vdash$			<del> </del>			
	CD# 2292:	89	910-6274		Site 8	Reach 6	Downstream view of Kemano River at km 54. The centre	07-Sep-96								1		
	CD# 2272.	- 09	710-02/4		Jane 8		channel flows directly from a glacier 2 km upstream.											1
	CD# 2292:	97			上	Reach 5	Canyon section in Reach 5.	25-Oct-96										
(	CD# 2292:		910-6274		Site 3	Reach 4	Upstream view of Kemano River, Km 42	07-Sep-96										
т Т	CD# 2292:	81	910-6274			R3/4	Km 37 trib. This highly active channel enters the left bank	07-Sep-96			7	ı T	_				7	
10		1		ļ	-		of the Kemano at the Reach 3-4 break.  Upstream view of cobble riffle habitat, just upstream of the							<del> </del>	<del> </del>	h		<del></del>
	CD# 2292:	98	910-6274		Site 2	Reach 1	Kemano.	25-Oct-96										1
	CD# 2292:	98 99			+	l		25-Oct-96 25-Oct-96							-			ļ

Appendix II: SISS Habitat Data (hard copy stream cards)

**Appendix III: Fish Catch Data** 

Fish Species Summary: Upper Kemano River

Site	Reach	Species	Number	Length (mm)	Method
1	4	DV	1	120	EL
1	4	CH	1	98	EL
1	4	СН	1	70	EL
1	4	DV	1	83	EL
1	4	CO	1	55	EL
1	4	CO	1	55	EL
1	4	CO	1	58	EL
1	4	CO	1	63	EL
1	4	CO	1	55	EL
1	4	CO	1	55	EL
1	4	CO	1	61	EL
1	4	CO	1	55	EL
2	1	DV	3	36 - 71	EL/Trib
3	4	DV	1	61	EL
3	4	CO	1	49	EL
3	4	DV	1	58	EL
3	4	CO	1	66	EL
3	4	DV	1	110	EL
3	4	DV	1	119	EL
3	4	DV	1	131	EL
3	4	DV	1	109	EL
3	4	CO	1	47	EL
3	4	CO	1	61	EL
3	4	CO	1	39	EL
3	4	CO	1	67	EL
3	4	CO	1	48	EL
3	4	CO	1	52	EL
3	4	CO	1	48	EL
3	4	CO	1	53	EL
3	4	CO	1	44	EL
3	4	CO	1	49	EL
3	4	CO	1	45	EL
3	4	CO	1	47	EL
3	4	CO	1	39	EL
3	4	CO	1	40	EL
3	4	CO	1	47	EL
3	4	CO	1	46	EL
3	4	CO	1	42	EL
3	4	CO	1	45	EL
3	4	CO	1	44	EL
3	4	DV	1	61	EL
3	4	DV	1	81	EL
4	4	DV	1	93	EL
4	4	CO	1	46	EL
4	4	DV	1	37	EL
5	1	DV	3	150 - 200	VO/Trib
5	1	DV	1	35	EL/Trib
6	3	N/F	*	*	Trib
7	5	N/F	*	*	*
8	6	N/F	*	*	*
9	3	N/F	*	*	Trib
10	1	(DV,CO)	*	*	Trib
11	2	(DV)	*	*	Trib
12	4	N/F	*	*	Trib
13	1	CO	1	*	VO/Trib
13	1	(DV)	*	*	Trib

Sampling Methods: VO = Visual Observations MT = Minnow Trapping EL = Electrofishing

## Appendix IV: 1:20,000 Maps

Paper and digital copies of the 1:20,000 TRIM maps are on file with:

West Fraser Mills Ltd., Skeena Sawmills Division	(250) 635-6336
Ministry of Environment, Lands and Parks	(250) 847-7591
Triton Environmental Consultants Ltd.	(250) 635-1494

## **Appendix V: Spawning Escapement Data**

In interpreting this data:

<u>n/i</u> is: <u>not inspected for this species:</u> This means that either a) this stream was not surveyed at all, or b) the Fishery Officer surveyed the stream but did not survey it for the species noted and then actually wrote n/i on the field form.

<u>UNK is: unknown:</u> This means that either: a) there is no information at all about this species for this year, or b) the space for this data in the Fishery Officer's field notebook was left blank.

<u>0 is: no fish observed:</u> This means that when the stream was surveyed, the Fishery Officer wrote down either a) 0 fish observed, or b) n/o (none observed) in the field notebook.

n/s is: Species does not spawn in this stream

<u>a/p is:</u> Adult fish present

(Pers. comm: G. Serbic)

## Salmon Escapement Data Kemano River

Year	Sockeye	Coho	Pink	Chum	Chinook	Steelhead
1953	UNK	3500	3500	7500	3500	UNK
1954	UNK	3500	3500	7500	1500	UNK
1955	UNK	7500	1500	3500	3500	UNK
1956	UNK	15000	3500	1500	750	UNK
1957	6	1500	200	3500	750	200
1958	3	7500	3500	15000	750	UNK
1959	UNK	1500	200	1500	750	UNK
1960	UNK	750	400	400	750	UNK
1961	UNK	750	1500	1500	750	UNK
1962	UNK	3500	75000	35000	3500	UNK
1963	n/i	n/i	n/i	n/i	n/i	n/i
1964	UNK	7500	100000	15000	3500	UNK
1965	UNK	7500	15000	15000	3500	UNK
1966	UNK	8000	100000	100000	5000	UNK
1967	200	7500	7500	75000	3500	UNK
1968	UNK	7500	125000	125000	3500	UNK
1969	UNK	2500	750	12500	750	UNK
1970	0	3500	35000	15000	3500	UNK
1971	400	7500	3500	13500	3500	UNK
1972	25	7500	200000	100000	3500	UNK
1973	0	3000	5000	75000	UNK	UNK
1974	0	3000	75000	100000	1500	UNK
1975	20	7000	7500	18000	1000	UNK
1976	UNK	7000	180000	25000	500	UNK
1977	100	4000	4000	20000	500	UNK
1978	150	6000	200000	80000	1000	UNK
1979	25	3000	40000	20000	1000	UNK
1980	50	4000	100000	40000	500	UNK
1981	70	4000	40000	15000	300	UNK
1982	50	4000	80000	30000	1500	UNK
1983	25	4000	120000	6000	750	UNK
1984	50	4000	240000	25000	550	UNK
1985	100	3000	130000	30000	400	0
1986	50	5000	225000	60000	500	UNK
1987	100	1000	150000	16000	250	UNK
1988	100	4000	400000	80000	2000	UNK
1989	100	4000	70000	60000	300	UNK
1990	a/p	n/i	125000	30000	a/p	UNK
1991	UNK	2000	50000	20000	100	UNK
1992	100	1000	180000	10000	UNK	UNK
1993	200	a/p	10000	6000	a/p	UNK
1994	10	0	41000	25000	35	UNK
1995	40	a/p	13000	22000	15	UNK
<b>Totals</b>	1974	177000	3165050	1360900	59450	200