# Canadian Data Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 958

1995

EFFECT OF LOWERED TEMPERATURE ON GROWTH OF JUVENILE NECHAKO RIVER CHINOOK SALMON (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) AT THREE RATION LEVELS

by

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Shelbourn, John E., W. Craig Clarke and C. D. Levings. 1995.

Effect of lowered temperature on growth of juvenile Nechako
River chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) at three
ration levels. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 958:21p.

This report contains data on the growth performance of wild chinook salmon fry taken from the Nechako River, B.C. on 26 April, 1994. Fish were taken to a laboratory and fed a commercial diet to measured satiation, or a calculated 80 or 60% of satiation. Water temperature simulated the daily ambient river temperature, or ambient with a decrease to 15, 12.5 or 10°C for 30 days. Photoperiod was set daily to that at the river site. The experiment was terminated on 29 September. Full data tables of sample means of growth measurement are presented, with a calculation of feed conversion and ration. Figures illustrate experimental design and the results.

key words: chinook salmon, Nechako, temperature, ration, growth.

### RÉSUMÉ

Shelbourn, John E., W. Craig Clarke and C. D. Levings. 1995.

Effet de l'abaissement de la température sur la croissance de jeunes saumons quinnat (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) de la rivière Nechako étudié pour trois différentes rations alimentaires. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 958:21p.

Ce rapport présente les données obtenues en 1994 sur la performance de croissance de jeunes saumons quinnat sauvages, prises le 26 avril de la rivière Nechako, C.B. Les poissons transférés au laboratoire ont été nourris d'un aliment commercial à satiété ou à 60 ou 80% de la satiété. La température de l'eau a été ajustée à la température journalière de la rivière ou abaissée de 10, 12.5 ou 15°C et ce pendant 30 jours. La photopériode a été ajustée quotidiennement à celle du site étudié de la rivière. L'expérience a été terminée le 29 septembre. Les tableaux présentent les valeurs moyennes des mesures de croissance des différents échantillons ainsi que les calculs sur la transformation de la nourriture et la valeur de la ration. Les figures présentent les protocols expérimentaux et les résultats.

River vels. mots-clés: saumons quinnat, Nechako, température, ration, croissance.

.**9**95. River After arrival at PBS, fish were hand fed several times daily to cessation of feeding, with automatic feeders being used on weekends. Fry were fed Biodiet® mash mixed with Murex® krill fines (krill fines were withdrawn on 16 June). Feed size was increased according to increasing fish size, following the manufacturer's advice.

A bulk sample of fish from each group was weighed and returned to the tanks on 27 May.

On 16 June all the fish were weighed and measured individually under light anesthetic (2-phenoxyethanol, 5 ppm solution), and returned to several similar tanks to avoid the possibility of overcrowding. After this distribution, Biodiet® became the exclusive feed.

On 4 and 5 July, fish were selected without known bias for tagging internally with passively induced transponder (PIT) tags (Prentice, 1990) and were distributed without choice to separate tanks according to the two collection sites and the feed and temperature regimes, as described in the paragraph below. The treatments had been randomly assigned to the tanks before the distribution of fish. To ensure that there were approximately 30 fish per tank (by experience an ideal number for these tanks), most were selected, including small fish. Fish were tagged by ventrolateral insertion of a PIT tag into the body cavity, using a sterilized 12 ga. hypodermic needle. However, fish under 2 grams were not selected if they appeared too frail to accept the hypodermic needle during tagging.

On the following day, 6 July, the experimental rationing of feed was started, based on the fish weights obtained. This was considered to be the first day of the experiment. The experimental design and treatments to be applied are shown in Table 1. The fish were fed by hand between 0800 and 1600 daily, to measured satiation  $(R_{\text{max}})$ , or 80%  $(R_{\,8})$  or 60%  $(R_{\,6})$  of the  $R_{\text{max}}$  tank with the same temperature regime. The  $R_{\,6}$  fish were fed every other day to ensure a full access to feed for all the fish. Temperature was recorded daily before any required adjustment. Water supplied to the laboratory at regulated temperatures, and was mixed according to the protocol for that treatment. Adjustments were made as necessary to maintain limits of  $\pm 0.3\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

# Experimental protocol

Temperature regulation during the experiment is illustrated in Figure 1.

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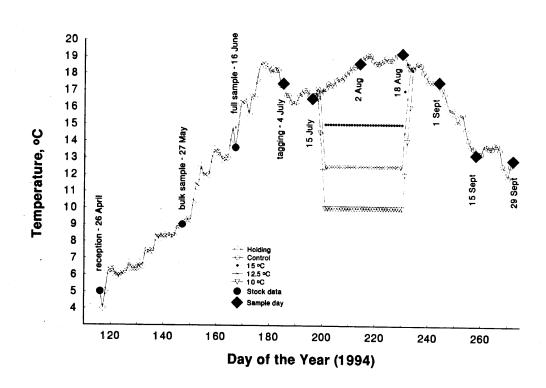


Figure 1. Protocol for daily setting of temperature level and the sampling schedule for chinook fry from receipt of fry on 26 April to termination of experiment on 29 September, 1994.

After tagging, the control temperature (ambient level) was set daily to follow the temperature recorded by DFO at Cheslatta Falls in 1992, from 15 July to 1 September. 1992 was a year of high temperature: this high level was chosen to set a naturally occurring upper limit to the design. The remaining tanks were regulated similarly, except that for a 30-day period (to produce the cooling effect of water release from the KDRF), levels were set at  $10^{\circ}$ C,  $12.5^{\circ}$ C and  $15^{\circ}$ C. These temperatures were to approximate the cooling anticipated by the change in water After this period (18 July to 18 August - allowing for source. 2°C per day acclimation), temperatures were restored to the **c**ontrol level. The experiment was terminated on 29 September. The mean of the daily temperature records over each sampling interval, for each group (tank), is presented in Table  $\frac{1}{2}$ . Details of the sampling times and temperature adjustments are also presented graphically in Figure 1.

All the fish were sampled approximately every 15 days. After

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the initial sampling of weight only (to avoid undue handling of fish at tagging) and until the end of the experiment, weight and length of each fish were obtained at each sampling.

During sampling, the fish were removed to an aerated pail, and each fish was then lightly anaesthetized in aerated water containing aerated 2-phenoxyethanol (5 ppm). Data were recorded electronically, using a laptop computer and software written by John Blackburn at PBS. For each fish, the PIT tag number was electronically identified and recorded, fork length was measured to 0.1 cm and the fish was immediately placed in an aerated bath of normal water at the appropriate temperature, which was placed on a self-taring balance, sensitive to 0.1 g. Weight was then automatically recorded. During this absence of fish, each empty tank was thoroughly cleaned and refilled.

For each fish, weight (W) was recorded in grams, length (L) in centimetres, condition factor was calculated as  $100 \cdot (W \cdot L^{-3})$  and specific growth was computed as  $100 \cdot (\ln W_n - \ln W_{n-1}) \cdot \Delta t^{-1}$ , where  $\Delta t$  = interval in days.

After each weighing, ration was recalculated on a dry weight basis according to measured water content of some of the same stock of fish. Fish dry weight was obtained from sampling a tank of residual fish held at ambient temperature, fed at R<sub>8</sub> level (there was an insufficiency of stock to sample each tank). The samples were dried for 24h at 80°C. Feed dry weight was obtained at the same time. Proportional rations, based on dry weight of fish and feed, were derived from the feeding performance of the maximally fed fish at each of the appropriate temperatures: i.e., 80 and 60% of the ration was calculated according to the newly obtained biomass of these groups on reduced ration. Between samples, ration was adjusted daily according to a growth model provided by Bill McLean, Quinsam River Hatchery, Campbell River, BC (McLean, 1967).

# DATA PRESENTATION

A full series of data tables is presented. The data pertaining to measurements taken on the sampling days are for all fish alive at that time (Tables 3 through 6: each of these tables spans 2 pages).

The daily mortality record is shown in Table 7. Measured biomass is recorded in Table 8, with estimation of weight on those occasions when fish died between samples. Data for feed conversion and ration (Tables 9 and 10) were based on biomass, using adjusted values when necessary in order to provide data on a per-fish basis. Instances where it was necessary to estimate

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the weight of missing fish (because of mid-period mortality) are indicated in Table 8 by bold type, and in Tables 9 and 10 by an asterisk.

No infectious agents were found in any of the samples examined by the PBS Fish Health Unit. Two moribund fish from the group with excessive mortality (tank 501) were sectioned for histological examination. The resulting report indicated no evidence of significant pathology.

Figure 2 shows mean fish weight, one plot for each of the three ration levels and all to the same scale. The lines drawn are the average of the two sites for the four temperatures. Inspection of the three plots indicates a predominant effect of ration on growth. The decrease in growth in the maximally fed fish with temperature lowering (Fig. 2a), appeared to have been ameliorated by compensatory growth of these fish after temperature was restored to ambient. Such a response was not evident in the two groups on restricted ration (Fig 2, b and c).

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# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Thanks are due to Triton Consultants for providing fry from conitoring programs of the Nechako Fisheries Conservation Program (NFCP); to Ray Lauzier and John Blackburn for their help in fry collection and shipping; to Gail Faulkner for access to NFCP data; to Craig Penalagen for diligence in the daily computation of the ration model spreadsheet and for provision of thorough care of fish in the laboratory. Laurie Astrope, John Blackburn and Debra Tuck are also thanked for their timely assistance in

tagging and data monitoring. We thank Dominique Hervio for correcting the grammar of the résumé, and Gloria Bayntun for producing the final document. The Technical Committee of the NFCP provided criticism of the manuscript. Responsibility for the report remains with the senior author.

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- Table 6. Specific growth by sample period,  $100 \cdot (\ln W_n \ln W_{n-1}) \cdot t^{-1}$  (W = weight of individual fish, t = time in days).
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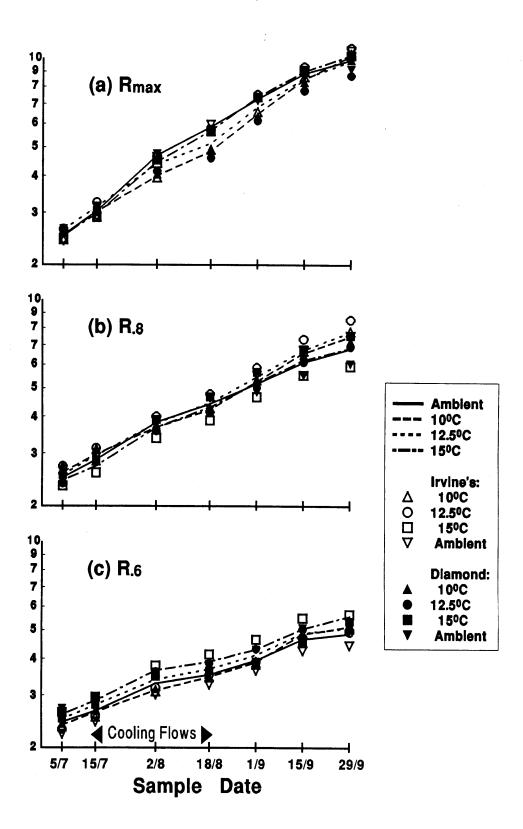


Figure 2 a, b and c. Weight of Nechako chinook fry for comparison at three ration levels, all three plots are to the same scale. Each line is an average of data from Irvine's Lodge and Diamond Island at each temperature.

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<u>Temperati</u>	ure	source	: Irvine'	s Lodge	source	: Diamond	Island
<u> </u>	Ration	R <sub>max</sub>	R.6	R <sub>.8</sub>	R <sub>max</sub>	R <sub>.6</sub>	R <sub>.8</sub>
<u>Ambient</u>		405	403	506	302	304	401
<u> 10°C</u>		305	502	408	402	505	410
<u>12.5°C</u>		301	508	507	504	509	503
<u>15°C</u>		406	407	303	409	501	404

TABLE 2 MEAN OF DAILY TEMPERATURE BY SAMPLE PERIOD (for sample period dates, see Figure 1)

Temp	Ratn	Gp	Period	1 2	3	4	5	6
Ambt	Rmax	Irv	16.6	17.5	18.8	18.1	15.5	13.4
		Diam	16.8	17.6	18.9	18.1	15.5	13.6
	R.6	Irv	16.5	17.3	18.8	17.9	15.5	13.2
* 1		Diam	16.5	17.5	18.9	18.1	15.5	13.4
	R.8	Irv	16.5	17.4	18.8	18.2	15.5	13.5
		Diam	16.6	17.2	18.2	17.4	15.4	13.4
10.0°C	Rmax	Irv	16.7	11.7	10.3	16.6	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.6	11.7	10.2	16.5	15.5	13.3
	R.6	Irv	16.7	11.7	10.3	16.7	15.8	13.4
		Diam	16.6	11.5	10.3	16.6	15.5	13.3
	R.8	Irv	16.7	11.8	10.2	16.6	15.7	13.4
		Diam	16.6	11.6	10.1	16.5	15.4	13.3
12.5°C	Rmax	Irv	16.7	13.7	12.6	17.2	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.8	14.0	12.6	17.2	15.6	13.5
	R.6	Irv	16.7	13.6	12.6	17.2	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.6	13.6	12.4	17.2	15.4	13.3
	R.8	Irv	16.6	13.5	12.5	17.1	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.7	13.6	12.4	17.1	15.5	13.3
15.0°C	Rmax	Irv	16.4	15.6	15.0	17.6	15.3	13.3
		Diam	16.6	15.6	15.1	17.5	15.4	13.4
	R.6	Irv	16.6	15.6	15.1	17.6	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.8	15.7	15.1	17.6	15.4	13.4
	R.8	Irv	16.7	15.7	15.2	17.6	15.4	13.4
		Diam	16.7	15.5	15.0	17.5	15.4	13.3

TABLE 3

Temp

Amb<sup>t</sup>

10°C

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TABLE 3 MEAN WET WEIGHT (g) OF NECHAKO CHINOOK FRY BY SAMPLE

Temp	Rat <sup>n</sup>	Gp	Stat	4 Jul	15 Jul	2 Aug	18 Aug	1 Sep	15 Sep	29 Sep
Amb <sup>t</sup>	$R_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	29	29	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	2.4	2.9	4.6	6.0	7.4	9.1	10.7
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
		Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
			mean	2.6	3.2	4.7	5.7	7.2	8.6	9.2
			se	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6
	$R_{.6}$	Irv	n	31	31	30	30	28	28	28
			mean	2.2	2.4	3.0	3.2	3.6	4.2	4.4
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
		Diam	n	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
			mean	2.7	2.9	3.6	3.8	4.3	5.1	5.3
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
	R.8	Irv	n	27	27	27	26	26	26	26
			mean	2.5	2.9	3.9	4.7	5.5	6.7	7.5
	* · ·		se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
		Diam	n	29	29	28	28	28	26	25
1			mean	2.5	2.8	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.5	6.0
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
10°C	$\mathbf{R}_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	29	29	28	28	28	28	28
1			mean	2.4	2.9	3.9	4.9	6.6	8.7	10.4
ł			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
		Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
			mean	2.5	3.1	4.0	4.8	6.4	8.3	10.0
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
	R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	28	28	28	28	28	27	26
	*		mean	2.3	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.8	4.8	5.2
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
ľ			mean	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.8	5.0
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3
	R <sub>.8</sub>	Irv	n	28	28	27	27	27	27	27
			mean	2.4	2.8	3.6	4.3	5.3	6.7	7.8
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
		Diam	n	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	2.7	3.1	3.7	4.2	5.2	6.5	7.2
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4

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12.5°C	$R_{\mathtt{max}}$	Irv	n	27	27	26	26	26	26	
			mean	2.6	3.2	4.6	5.7	7.5	9.4	]
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	
		Diam	n	28	28	28	28	28	27	Γ
			mean	2.6	3.0	4.1	4.6	6.2	7.8	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	
	$R_{.6}$	Irv	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	Γ
			mean	2.3	2.6	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.7	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	
	¥		mean	2.6	3.0	3.6	3.8	4.3	5.0	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	
	R.8	Irv	n	30	30	30	29	29	29	
			mean	2.7	3.1	4.0	4.8	5.9	7.3	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	
			mean	2.4	2.8	3.6	4.1	5.0	6.1	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	
15.0°C	$\mathbf{R}_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	29	30	29	29	29	29	
			mean	2.4	2.9	4.4	5.6	7.4	9.0	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	
	•	Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	
			mean	2.6	3.0	4.5	5.7	7.4	9.0	
			se	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	
	R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n ·	25	27	26	26	26	26	
			maan	2.6	2.9	٠			l	1 6
· ·			mean	2.0	2.9	3.8	4.1	4.6	5.5	
			se	0.1	0.1	0.2	4.1 0.2	4.6 0.2	0.3	
·		Diam								
		Diam	se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	
		Diam	se	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2 25	0.3	
	R . 8	Diam Irv	se n mean	0.1 31 2.5	0.1 28 2.8	0.2 28 3.5	0.2 27 3.7	0.2 25 3.9	0.3 23 4.5	
	R . 8		se n mean se n mean	0.1 31 2.5 0.1	0.1 28 2.8 0.1	0.2 28 3.5 0.2	0.2 27 3.7 0.2	0.2 25 3.9 0.2	0.3 23 4.5 0.2	
	R.s	Irv	se n mean se n	0.1 31 2.5 0.1	0.1 28 2.8 0.1 29	0.2 28 3.5 0.2 25	0.2 27 3.7 0.2 25	0.2 25 3.9 0.2 25	0.3 23 4.5 0.2 25	
	R.8	Irv	se n mean se n mean	0.1 31 2.5 0.1 29 2.3	0.1 28 2.8 0.1 29 2.6	0.2 28 3.5 0.2 25 3.4	0.2 27 3.7 0.2 25 3.9	0.2 25 3.9 0.2 25 4.7	0.3 23 4.5 0.2 25 5.5	
	R . 8	Irv	se n mean se n mean ses	0.1 31 2.5 0.1 29 2.3 0.1	0.1 28 2.8 0.1 29 2.6 0.1	0.2 28 3.5 0.2 25 3.4 0.2	0.2 27 3.7 0.2 25 3.9 0.2	0.2 25 3.9 0.2 25 4.7 0.2	0.3 23 4.5 0.2 25 5.5 0.3	

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TABLE 4 MEAN LENGTH (cm) OF NECHAKO CHINOOK FRY BY SAMPLE

١	- 1				3111 (Сп	1 111	CITATO	HINOOK	FRY BY	SAMPLE	
١	10	Temp	Rat <sup>n</sup>	Gp	Stat	15 Jul	2 Aug	18 Aug	1 Sep	15 Sep	29 Sep
		Amb <sup>t</sup>	$R_{max}$	Irv	n	23	28	28	28	28	28
†	十				mean	6.4	7.3	7.9	8.4	9.1	9.6
	1				se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	1			Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30
_	7				mean	6.5	7.3	7.8	8.3	8.8	9.2
	I				se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
	1		R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	31	30	30	28	28	28
=	+				mean	6.1	6.4	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.3
		·			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
				Diam	n ,	27	27	27	27	27	27
_					mean	6.4	6.8	7.0	7.1	7.4	7.7
					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
			$R_{.8}$	Irv	n	27	27	26	26	26	26
_					mean	6.3	6.9	7.3	7.7	8.1	8.6
					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
				Diam	n	29	28	28	28	26	25
					mean	6.3	6.9	7.1	7.4	7.7	8.0
			:		se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	1	10.0°C	$R_{\text{max}}$	Irv	'n	29	28	28	28	28	28
					mean	6.4	7.0	7.6	8.2	8.8	9.5
			-		se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	1	,	**	Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30
					mean	6.5	7.1	7.5	8.1	8.8	9.4
					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
			R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	28	28	28	28	27	26
					mean	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.6
		1			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
				Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29
					mean	6.3	6.6	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.6
					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
			R <sub>.8</sub>	Irv `	n	28	27	27	27	27	27
					mean	6.3	6.8	7.3	7.6	8.2	8.7
= )					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
3				Diam	n	28	28	28	28	28	28
3					mean	6.5	6.9	7.3	7.7	8.1	8.5
=					se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

			·						
12.5°C	$R_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	27	26	26	26	26	26
			mean	6.4	7.3	7.9	8.5	9.0	9.6
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	28	28	28	28	27	27
			mean	6.5	7.1	7.5	8.0	8.6	9.0
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	29	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.5
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	26
			mean	6.4	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.5	7.7
		1	se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	R <sub>.8</sub>	Irv	n	30	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	6.5	7.0	7.5	7.9	8.4	8.9
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	27 .
			mean	6.3	6.8	7.2	7.5	7.9	8.3
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
15.0°C	$R_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	30	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	6.4	7.2	7.8	8.4	9.0	9.5
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	6.5	7.3	7.9	8.5	9.0	9.5
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	27	26	26	26	26	26
			mean	6.4	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.6	7.9
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	30	28	27	25	23	13
			mean	6.3	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.7
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	R.8	Irv	n '	29	25	25	25	25	23
			mean	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.3	7.6	8.0
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1_	0.1	0.1
		Diam	n	30	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	6.3	6.9	7.4	7.8	8.2	8.6
			se	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

TABL

Amb

10.0

TABLE 5 MEAN CONDITION FACTOR BY SAMPLE PERIOD, 100 · (W·L-3)

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27 .0 .1 29

).1 26 **7**.7 0.1 29 8.9 0.1 27 8.3 0.1 29 **9**.5 0.1 29 9.5 0.1 26 7.9 0.1 13 7.7 0.1 23 8.0 0.1 29 8.6 0.1

TABLE 5	Rat <sup>n</sup>	Gp	Stat	15 Jul	2 Aug	18 Aug	10D, 10 1 Sept	15 Sep	29 Sep
Amb <sup>t</sup>	R <sub>max</sub>	Irv	n	23	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	1.110	1.157	1.186	1.218	1.215	1.173
		•	se	0.012	0.008	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.010
		Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30
			mean	1.128	1.172	1.185	1.207	1.222	1.130
			se	0.012	0.010	0.012	0.010	0.010	0.014
	R <sub>.6</sub>	Irv	n	31	30	30	28	28	28
			mean	1.049	1.103	1.103	1.140	1.182	1.112
			se	0.015	0.018	0.015	0.012	0.011	0.011
		Diam	n	27	27	27	27	27	27
			mean	1.082	1.139	1.116	1.161	1.225	1.127
			se	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.011
	R .8	Irv	n	27	27	26	26	26	26
			mean	1.117	1.143	1.171	1.194	1.228	1.169
			se	0.017	0.014	0.011	0.013	0.013	0.011
		Diam	n	29	28	28	28	26	25
Ì			mean	1.121	1.147	1.137	1.186	1.190	1.165
			se	0.014	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.009	0.009
10.0°C	$R_{\text{max}}$	Irv	n	29	28	28	28	28	28
ł			mean	1.092	1.121	1.102	1.181	1.231	1.192
			se	0.014	0.012	0.013	0.014	0.010	0.010
		Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	30
			mean	1.136	1.118	1.091	1.162	1.200	1.197
			se	0.011	0.010	0.011	0.012	0.009	0.012
	R.6	Irv	n	28	28	28	28	27	26
			mean	1.048	1.069	1.065	1.084	1.218	1.139
			se	0.016	0.013	0.011	0.014	0.015	0.015
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	1.065	1.078	1.061	1.103	1.223	1.132
			se	0.012	0.012	0.009	0.010	0.015	0.015
	$R_{.8}$	Irv	n	28	27	27	27	27	27
			mean	1.134	1.119	1.093	1.191	1.211	1.177
			se	0.019	0.009	0.011	0.015	0.011	0.013
		Diam	n	28	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	1.103	1.108	1.063	1.143	1.208	1.142
I			se	0.012	0.010	0.013	0.007	0.010	0.010

			<del></del>	<del>,</del>	·	·			_4
12.5°C ~1	R <sub>max</sub> Irv	n	27	26	26	26	26	26	TABLE 6
		mean	1.193	1.164	1.160	1.214	1.242	1.213	Temp p
		se	0.017	0.011	0.011	0.013	0.014	0.014	Ambt p
	Diam	n	28	28	28	28	27	27	11
		mean	1.085	1.120	1.076	1.168	1.198	1.163	
		se	0.014	0.009	0.009	0.015	0.012	0.012	
1	R <sub>.6</sub> Irv	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	
		mean	1.096	1.120	1.098	1.123	1.235	1.163	
		se	0.020	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.011	R.
	Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	26	
		mean	1.092	1.125	1.062	1.120	1.176	1.105	
		se	0.013	0.013	0.011	0.012	0.014	0.021	
1	R <sub>.8</sub> Irv	n	30	29	29	29	29	29	1
		mean	1.128	1.135	1.116	1.166	1.221	1.197	
		se	0.018	0.017	0.011	0.011	0.012	0.011	. R.
	Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	27	
:		mean	1.082	1.116	1.083	1.139	1.219	1.190	
		se	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.015	0.011	
15.0°C	R <sub>max</sub> Irv	n	30	29	29	29	29	29	
		mean	1.103	1.152	1.147	1.217	1.229	1.188	
		se	0.017	0.011	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.011	10.0 Rma
	Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29	
		mean	1.104	1.117	1.139	1.182	1.199	1.169	
		se	0.013	0.010	0.010	0.008	0.009	0.010	
1	R <sub>.6</sub> Irv	n	27	26	26	26	26	26	
		mean	1.124	1.132	1.123	1.151	1.211	1.130	
		se	0.017	0.009	0.010	0.011	0.018	0.014	R.6
	Diam	n	28	28	27	25	23	13	
		mean	1.104	1.146	1.097	1.124	1.179	1.151	
		se	0.012	0.010	0.011	0.012	0.017	0.018	
1	R <sub>.8</sub> Irv	n	29	25	25	25	25	23	
		mean	1.074	1.104	1.108	1.165	1.222	1.137	
		se	0.017	0.014	0.011	0.014	0.021	0.019	R.8
	Diam	n	30	29	29	29	29	29	
		mean	1.097	1.147	1.144	1.187	1.232	1.162	
		se	0.016	0.010	0.011	0.011	0.009	0.010	

Rmax

**TABLE 6** SPECIFIC GROWTH BY SAMPLE PERIOD,  $100 \cdot (\ln W_n - \ln W_{n-1}) \cdot days^{-1}$ 

Temp				1					$-\ln W_{n-1}$
Temp	Ratn	Gp		1	1 2 T	3	4 I	5 T	6 T
Ambt	Rmax	Irv	n	29	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	1.89	2.52	1.58	1.55	1.52	1.09
- 2			se	0.11	0.07	0.06	0.07	0.04	0.04
		Diam	n `	30	30	30	30	30	30
			mean	1.78	2.29	1.13	1.62	1.35	0.31
	•		se	0.12	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.11
	R.6	Irv	n	31	30	30	28	28	28
			mean	0.89	1.08	0.43	0.72	1.12	0.32
			se	0.12	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.06
		Diam	n	27	27	27	27	27	27
			mean	0.80	1.15	0.39	0.82	1.21	0.28
			se	0.08	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.07
	R.8	Irv	n	27	27	26	26	26	26
İ			mean	1.28	1.59	1.05	1.22	1.41	0.78
			se	0.12	0.10	0.06	0.05	0.07	0.06
200 C		Diam	n	29	28	28	28	26	25
			mean	1.34	1.61	0.63	1.01	0.95	0.63
			se	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.09	0.08
10.0	Rmax	Irv	n	29	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	1.71	1.72	1.35	2.11	1.98	1.31
			se	0.12	0.06	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.05
		Diam	n	30	30	30	30	30	29
			mean	2.14	1.42	1.03	2.07	1.91	1.30
			se	0.10	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.07
	R.6	Irv	n	26	26	28	28	27	26
			mean	0.83	0.92	0.66	0.70	1.60	0.51
			se	0.16	0.08	0.06	0.12	0.07	0.10
		Diam	n	29	29	29	29	29	29
			mean	0.93	0.91	0.62	0.91	1.43	0.23
			se	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.06	0.09	0.11
	R.8	Irv	n	28	27	27	27	27	27
				1.46	1.25	1.05	1.56	1.65	1.10
			se	0.13	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.06	0.06
		Diam	n	28	28	28	28	28	28
			mean	1.32	1.02	0.60	1.63	1.57	0.69
	•		se	0.09	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.10
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Tank ID	Tag	Date	Wt (g)	Comment recorded
501	E354842	12/9	2.07	moribund, ragged
401	E462B0D	14/9	5.46	moribund, to Fish Health
504	E462559	15/9	1.1	dead before sampling
503	F447C31	16/9	5.44	moribund, sacrificed
401	F14037D	19/9	4.87	moribund, sacrificed
501	F3F4E51	19/9	4.53	moribund, sacrificed
503	E2C461D	20/9	9.96	as above, a fat fish
501	E464B68	22/9	3.26	ragged
303	F0C5465	23/9	7.54	dry, under lid. FL = 8.2cm
501	E462742	23/9	3.35	moribund, to Histology
501	E461E0D	25/9	3.5	
501	F105B67	25/9	4.2	-
501	E6D1713	26/9	3.8	
501	E20217C	26/9	3.2	
509	E0E1979	26/9	5.0	·
509	E6D142B	26/9	4.4	
303	F451560	26/9	4.7	
501	E46261C	27/9	3.70	ragged
501	E462F1D	27/9	4.59	moribund, to Histology

# Notes

SD indicates Sampling Day.
Mortalities are listed in chronological order. For identity treatment, see experimental design (Table 1).

7	THE WINDLE STATE OF THE PARTY TO GIVE BOLD.	WALL WALL WALL WALL WESTER WESTER	1	94.6 94.6 142.5 142.8 172	. 4
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	7	HILL	166.8		
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Temp	Rat	ĞБ	W1	W2in	W2out	W3in	W3out	W41n	W4out	WSin	WSout	W6in	W6out	Wt7
Ambt	Rmax	Irv	9.69	84.2	84.2	132.0	129.6	166.8	166.8	206.9	206.9	255.8	255.8	298.7
		Diam	78.9	94.6	94.6	142.5	142.5	172.4	172.4	215.2	215.2	259.1	259.1	275.2
	R.e	Irv	9.89	75.2	75.2	92.3	90.4	97.4	93.7	101.5	101.5	118.7	118.7	123.9
		Diam	72.5	78.5	78.5	96.8	96.8	103.1	103.1	115.5	115.5	136.9	136.9	142.6
	R.8	Irv	69.5	78.2	78.2	104.4	104.4	122.4	120.9	143.4	143.4	174.9	174.9	195.6
		Diam	71.6	81.7	81.7	109.1	105.9	117.5	117.5	135.4	135.4	153.8	138.3	156.0
10°C	Rmax	Irv	70.1	83.5	81.2	110.4	110.4	137.3	137.3	184.2	184.2	242.4	242.4	291.3
		Diam	76.4	94.2	94.2	121.1	121.1	143.3	143.3	191.2	191.2	248.9	248.9	300.2
	R.6	Irv	65.4	72.2	72.2	86.1	86.1	96.2	96.2	106.7	106.7	130.7	130.7	135.0
		Diam	9.69	77.2	77.2	91.0	91.0	100.5	100.5	114.3	114.3	140.2	140.2	146.0
	R.8	Irv	68.2	79.3	79.3	98.7	97.4	115.4	115.4	143.5	143.5	180.2	180.2	210.4
		Diam	76.5	87.3	87.3	104.9	104.9	116.3	116.3	145.5	145.5	181.7	181.7	202.1
12.5°	Rmax	Irv	70.9	87.4	87.4	121.7	120.8	148.9	148.9	195.7	195.7	243.4	243.4	283.4
		Diam	73.1	81.4	81.4	115.9	115.9	128.5	128.5	172.3	172.3	210.8	209.7	236.0
	R.	Irv	67.6	74.6	74.6	92.1	92.1	101.7	101.7	112.8	112.8	136.8	136.8	142.6
		Diam	76.7	85.8	85.8	104.3	104.3	111.5	111.5	125.0	125.0	145.8	145.8	149.0
	R.ª	Irv	81.3	93.6	93.6	120.1	119.0	138.4	138.4	170.2	170.2	212.8	212.8	247.6
		Diam	68.6	75.5	75.5	103.6	103.6	119.6	119.6	145.4	145.4	177.7	162.3	186.8
15°C	Rmax	Irv	73.8	86.9	86.9	134.6	128.0	163.8	163.8	214.2	214.2	262.0	262.0	297.2
		Diam	74.3	88.3	88.3	130.7	130.7	165.1	165.1	213.8	213.8	261.9	261.9	296.6
•	R.6	Irv	70.3	79.6	78.6	98.3	98.3	107.5	107.5	120.6	120.6	142.4	142.4	146.6
•		Diam	75.0	82.6	77.9	93.6	91.2	6.96	94.5	1001	93.7	104.5	99.4	69.4
•	R.	Irv	67.5	74.9	66.4	86.1	84.5	96.9	96.9	116.4	116.4	138.3	138.3	147.6
		., .,	77.0	0	L		L (	1	1					

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-in and -out in column heads refer to weight total used in conversion calculations at the ample time. In is the value ending of one period and out that starting the next. Note -in and -ou same sample time.

TABLE 9

FEED CONVERSION, 100 (grams gained grams fed-1), AS PERCENT DRY WE GAINED PER GRAM FED BY SAMPLE PERIOD FOR NECHAKO CHINOOK FRY

CATIVED 1	LIK ORT	11111	DI DAM	LE PERI	OD TOR	MECHAIC	CITINOC	
Temp	Ratn	Gp	Period :	1 2	3	4	5	6
Ambient	Rmax	Irv	16.07	22.11	19.40	21.68	24.62	21.09
		Diam	15.84	21.31	16.14	21.25	21.07	9.27
	R.6	Irv	18.20	18.67	10.37	13.01	26.61	9.72
,		Diam	16.54	18.14	8.86	18.77	29.50	9.05
	R.8	Irv	15.43	19.00	16.65	21.03	27.07	19.15
		Diam	19.53	18.39*	9.70	17.37	18.04*	15.49*
10.0°C	Rmax	Irv	14.41	20.33	20.81	22.40	26.57	21.96
		Diam	17.15	19.71	19.50	23.44	25.62	21.65
	R.6	Irv	15.78	19.95	21.97	14.84	30.11	5.90
		Diam	16.93	19.71	19.60	17.87	30.31	7.44
	R.8	Irv	19.94	20.01	22.08	22.75	26.82	21.29
		Diam	18.68	17.82	13.86	23.37	28.00	14.99
12.5°C	Rmax	Irv	17.34	19.22	19.51	22.39	24.01	20.87
		Diam	10.27	22.88	12.58	23.10	20.94	15.25
	R.6	Irv	14.05	23.10	19.37	14.79	30.11	9.45
		Diam	22.43	20.28	13.10	16.56	23.36	4.92*
	R.8	Irv	22.53	20.50	19.86	21.87	26.70	24.67
		Diam	13.07	27.36	20.44	21.01	23.98	17.37*
15°C	Rmax	Irv	13.71*	21.25	20.94	23.05	24.11	18.35
		Diam	14.55	21.55	19.79	21.98	23.82	18.09
	R.6	Irv	23.56*	19.32	14.08	17.29	27.84	6.66
		Diam	16.28*	16.13*	9.28*	11.80*	17.90*	N/A
	R.8	Irv	13.65	17.53*	14.76	19.68	23.10	10.98*
		Diam	17.18	20.73	19.27	20.85	24.25	17.01

**12** 5°C

# Notes

best estimates, made for fish losses between samplings.N/A excessive fish loss in this period, data not computed.

TABLE 10

WEI

DAILY RATION, 100 · (grams fed · gram fish · 1 · day · 1), AS PERCENT DRY WEIGHT FED PER GRAM FISH PER DAY BY SAMPLE PERIOD FOR NECHAKO CHINOOK FRY

Temp	Ratn	Gp	Period		3	4	5	6
Ambt	Rmax	Irv	11.87	11.39	8.15	7.11	6.17	5.25
		Diam	10.43	10.76	7.39	7.47	6.30	4.65
	R.6	Irv	5.05	6.11	4.50	4.39	4.21	3.15
		Diam	4.81	6.43	4.45	4.32	4.12	3.21
	R.8	Irv	6.95	8.48	5.98	5.81	5.25	4.17
		Diam	6.76	8.71*	6.70	5.84	5.05*	4.04*
10.0°C	Rmax	Irv	12.16	8.43	6.56	9.40	7.40	5.98
		Diam	12.23	7.10	5.40	8.82	7.37	6.19
	R.6	Irv	5.70	4.91	3.16	4.99	4.82	3.92
		Diam	5.57	4.64	3.17	5.15	4.82	3.89
	R.8	Irv	7.57	6.09	4.81	6.86	6.08	5.20
		Diam	7.07	5.73	4.65	6.86	5.68	5.07
12.5°C	Rmax	Irv	10.99	9.61	6.71	8.74	6.50	5.22
		Diam	9.52	8.63	5.13	9.10	6.89	5.53
	R.6	Irv	5.05	5.08	3.20	5.01	4.58	3.14
		Diam	4.55	5.36	3.18	4.93	4.71	3.15*
	R.8	Irv	5.69	6.77	4.76	6.77	5.98	4.39
		Diam	6.67	6.45	4.40	6.65	5.98	4.94*
15.0°C	Rmax	Irv	11.93*	11.53	7.38	8.34	5.98	4.91
		Diam	11.88	10.18	7.39	8.42	6.09	4.91
	R.6	Irv	4.99*	6.45	3.97	4.75	4.27	3.12
		Diam	5.39*	6.33*	4.08*	4.88*	4.35*	N/A
	R.8	Irv	7.63	8.26	5.80	6.67	5.34	4.41*
		Diam	6.87	8.03	5.70	6.71	5.30	4.47

# Notes

\* best estimates, made for fish losses between samplings. N/A excessive loss in this period, data not computed.